

2. 2.1

$$\forall x \in \mathbb{N} \exists y \in \mathbb{Z} : y = 2x \Rightarrow Q(x, y) \quad . Q(x, y) \Leftrightarrow y = 2x$$

$$\forall y \in \mathbb{Z} \exists x \in \mathbb{N} : y = 2x \Rightarrow Q(x, y)$$

$$\exists y \in \mathbb{Z} : 2y = 3 \Rightarrow \neg Q(y, x)$$

$$a \sim b \Leftrightarrow \frac{a}{b} \in \mathbb{Q} \quad \forall a, b \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{0\} = \mathbb{R}^* \quad (2)$$

$$\forall a \in \mathbb{R}^* \quad \frac{a}{a} = 1 \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow a \sim a \quad . \text{reflexivity}$$

$$a \sim b \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow \frac{b}{a} \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow b \sim a \quad . \text{symmetry}$$

$$a \sim b \sim c \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b}, \frac{b}{c} \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow \frac{a}{b} \cdot \frac{b}{c} = \frac{a}{c} \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow a \sim c \quad . \text{transitivity}$$

$$\bar{a} = \{b : \frac{a}{b} \in \mathbb{Q}\} \quad a, b \in \mathbb{R}^*, \frac{a}{b} \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow a = a'c' \quad \text{and} \quad b = b'c'$$

exists $c' \in \mathbb{R}^* \setminus \mathbb{Q}^{-1}$! $a', b' \in \mathbb{Q} \Rightarrow \dots$

$$\bar{1} = \mathbb{Q} \setminus \{0\}$$

$$\forall a \in \mathbb{R}^* \setminus \mathbb{Q} \quad \bar{a} = \{a \cdot x : x \in \mathbb{Q} \setminus \{0\}\}$$

and \dots

~~...~~ .2

$$\mathbb{R}^* / \sim = \{ \bar{1} \} \cup \{ \bar{a} : a \in \mathbb{R}^* \setminus \mathbb{Q} \}$$

$$A = \{ \bar{1} \} \cup \{ \bar{a} : \bar{a} \in \mathbb{R}^* / \sim \}$$

$$P = \{2, 3, 4\} \times \{1, 3, 5\}$$

(3)

$$(x_1, y_1) \preceq (x_2, y_2) \Leftrightarrow (x_1 | x_2) \wedge (x_1 + y_1 \leq x_2 + y_2)$$

$$\checkmark \forall (x, y) \in P \quad (x | x) \wedge (x + y \leq x + y) \Rightarrow (x, y) \preceq (x, y) \quad \cdot c$$

$$\checkmark (x_1, y_1) \preceq (x_2, y_2) \wedge (x_2, y_2) \preceq (x_1, y_1) \Rightarrow$$

$$(x_1 | x_2) \wedge (x_2 | x_1) \wedge (x_1 + y_1 \leq x_2 + y_2) \wedge (x_2 + y_2 \leq x_1 + y_1) \Rightarrow$$

$$x_1 = x_2 \wedge y_1 = y_2$$

$$\checkmark (x_1, y_1) \preceq (x_2, y_2) \preceq (x_3, y_3) \Rightarrow$$

$$(x_1 | x_2) \wedge (x_2 | x_3) \wedge (x_1 + y_1 \leq x_2 + y_2 \leq x_3 + y_3) \Rightarrow$$

$$(x_1 | x_3) \wedge (x_1 + y_1 \leq x_3 + y_3) \Rightarrow (x_1, y_1) \preceq (x_3, y_3)$$

ר"ת $(P, \preceq) \leftarrow$

(4, 5)

(4, 3)

(4, 1)

(2, 5)

(3, 5)

(2, 3)

(3, 3)

(2, 1)

(3, 1)

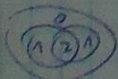
$$(2, 1) \preceq (2, 3) \preceq (2, 5) \preceq (4, 3) \preceq (4, 5)$$

ר"ת 2

$$(2, 1) \preceq (4, 1) \preceq (4, 3) \preceq (4, 5)$$

$$\max: (4, 5), (3, 5)$$

$$\min: (2, 1), (3, 1)$$



$$\chi_A + \chi_B = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in (A \setminus B) \cup (B \setminus A) \\ 0, & x \notin A \cup B \\ 2, & x \in A \cap B \end{cases}$$

$$\Leftrightarrow \chi_A + \chi_B = 1, \quad x \in A \cup B \Leftrightarrow A \cap B = \emptyset$$

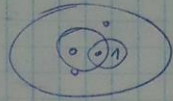
$\forall x \in X$

$$\chi_A = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in A \\ 0, & x \notin A \end{cases}$$

$$\chi_B = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in B \\ 0, & x \notin B \end{cases}$$

(4)

$$(1-\chi_A)\chi_B = \begin{cases} \begin{pmatrix} 0, & x \in A \\ 1, & x \notin A \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1, & x \in B \\ 0, & x \notin B \end{pmatrix} = \begin{cases} 0, & x \in A \cap B \\ 0, & x \in A \cup B \\ 0, & x \in A \cap B \\ 1, & x \in (B \setminus A) \end{cases} \\ \begin{pmatrix} 1, & x \in A^c \\ 0, & x \in A^c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1, & x \in B \\ 0, & x \notin B \end{pmatrix} \end{cases}$$



$$\Rightarrow (1-\chi_A)\chi_B = \begin{cases} 1, & x \in B \setminus A \\ 0, & x \notin B \setminus A \end{cases} = \chi_{B \setminus A}$$

$$|A^A| \neq \aleph_0 \quad : \text{d} \ddot{\text{u}} \text{ k} (5)$$

$$\text{I: } n = |A| < \aleph_0 \Rightarrow \neg \text{d} \ddot{\text{u}} \text{ k} A \Rightarrow \frac{A^A}{\text{d} \ddot{\text{u}} \text{ k}} \Rightarrow |A^A| \neq \aleph_0$$

$$|A \times A \times \dots \times A| = |A| \cdot \dots \cdot |A| = |A|^n = n^n$$

$$\text{II: } |A| = \aleph_0 \Rightarrow |A^A| = \aleph_0^{\aleph_0} = 2^{\aleph_0} = \aleph > \aleph_0$$

$$\text{III: } |A| \geq \aleph \Rightarrow \aleph^\aleph = 2^\aleph > \aleph > \aleph_0$$

$$f: A \rightarrow A \quad \text{d} \ddot{\text{u}}$$

$$f^+ = \text{Id}$$

$$f^+(x) = x$$

$$f(x_1) = f(x_2)$$

$$f^3(f(x_1)) = f^3(f(x_2))$$

$$f^4(x_1) = f^4(x_2)$$

$$\text{Kern } f \leftarrow x_1 = x_2$$

$$A = \text{Im}(\text{Id}) = \text{Im}(f^4) \subseteq \text{Im}(f^3) \subseteq \text{Im}(f^2) \subseteq \text{Im}(f) \subseteq A \quad (*)$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Im}(f) = A \Rightarrow \begin{bmatrix} f \\ \text{d} \ddot{\text{u}} \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(*) y \in \text{Im}(f^4) \Rightarrow \exists x: f^4(x) = y$$

$$\Rightarrow f^3(f(x)) = y, f^2(f^2(x)) = y, f(f^3(x)) = y$$